THURSDAY, April 8-6 P. M. The relaxation in money was quite noticeable to-day, but was accompanied by a revival of specula-tion in the stock market, which may tend to counterbalance the good effects of the change. The banks and some of the private bankers report an increase in the receipts of currency from the country; but as a great deal of money is still going out of the city the gain will be only gradual for the ensuing week or two. A fairly easy money market is not prophesied until about the 20th of the month. At the beginning of business this morning as high as an eighth per cent was paid in a few instances, but e greater number of loans were made at a six teenth, in addition to full interest, or "flat." supply became perceptibly better towards three ck, when loans were made at one-thirty-second

oin interest, and seven per cent currency. Gold was higher to-day, touching 132%, but the first advance was founded upon the scarcity apparent in the market, which caused some covering by the "shorts," while those who held out against its upward tendency were forced to pay higher rate for borrowing. A rumor that the directors of the Bank of England had raised the rate of discount to four and a half per cent was also instrumental in nium firm. Up to the close of busi truth of the rumor, but it is not the first time the cable has been silent at an important moment As to the advance of consols to 93½, it should be remembered that they were unaffected by the last increase of the rate from three to four per cent, and were quoted 93 last Saturday. A "short" interest would put them to 93% as certainly as a reduction of the count rate. The prominent cause of the rise in gold, however, was its purchase for the account of a broker who failed for three millions of dollars. He was "short" to the extent just mentioned, and, being unable to fulfil his contracts, gold was bought for him by his creditors without the publicity of an open purchase at the board. This demand for cash gold ran the premium up about a half per cent. Much regret is felt for the gentleman in question, who, as a "bear" in gold, will not be without public sympathy also. Of course his real loss is not three hons, as might be implied by the above, but the difference between that figure and what it was

10 A. M. 131½ 1:20 P. M. 132½ 11 A. M. 131½ 2 P. M. 132½ 11:30 A. M. 131½ 2 P. M. 132½ 12 M. 132½ 12 M. 131½ 3 P. M. 132½ 12 M. 131½ 3 P. M. 132½ 12:52 P. M. 132½ 12:52 P. M. 132½ 12:52 P. M. 132½

At a quarter to six o'clock the market was 132% a 132%, with one small sale at the latter figure. The demand for cash gold ranged from flat to 1-8 for borrowing up to Clearing House time, after which as high as 1-16 was paid for borrowing. The Havana

Foreign exchange was still heavy, with 108% for prime bankers' are reported at 108. The following was the range of quotations:—Sterling 60 days, com-mercial, 107% a 107%; good to prime bankers', 107% a 108%; short sight, 108% a 108%; Paris, 60 days, 5.26% a 5.20; short sight, 5.21% a 5.18%; Antwerp. 5.26% a 5.21%; Switzerland, 5.26% a 5.21%; Hamburg, 35% a 35%; Amsterdam, 39% to 40%; Frankfort, 40 a 40%; Bremen, 77% a 78; Prussian thaiers, 70% a 71. Governments opened firm and buoyant, under

large demand and in sympathy with an advance in London to 83%, the speculative investment being stimulated in a degree by the easier feeling in money. The '62's were the feature, selling at 120 quite freely. The rival banking houses had another heavy skirmish, and all the stock that would be bought was offered. Prices were lower at the noon board, but the market finally closed firm at the decline soft the marker many closed nrm at the decline as follows:—United States sixes, 1881, registered, 118½ a 116; do., doupon, 116½ a 116; do., five-twenties, registered, 109½ a 110; do., coupon, 1862, 119½ a 119½; do., 1804, 114½ a 116; do., 1806, 116½ a 116½; do., new, 1806, 113½ a 113½; do., 1807, 113½ a 113½; do., 1808, 118½ a 113½; ten-forties, registered, 104% a 106; do., couper 106% a 105%; currency bonds, 103% a 103%.

The stock market was buoyant, strong and higher to-day, closely reflective of the relaxed state of the money market. It cut loose from New York Central, which was suffered to fluctuate independently. The latter opened at 166, but-rapidly sold down to 165%. again to 163% and a reaction at the close to 164%, stimulated by street rumors that the bill to capital ize the scrip would pass to-night, although the Al-bany despatches indicate that its opponents have raised a very strong obstacle to its speedy considera-tion. The following, from the Evening Telegram. graphically describes "the situation" in thi

stock:—
It is notorious that the Albany ring have been heavy purchasors of Central during the last few days, and are now "long" of this stock to a large amount—the general expectation being that, upon the announcement of the report, the stock would amount—the general expectation being that, upon the announcement of the report, the stock would take a sudden spring upward. This has proven a false idea, the street, with that excellent appreciation of the stuff of which legislators are made, having discounted the whole proceedings correctly. There are likely to be some lively times for the next lew days consequent upon this block in the Albany programme. Everybody, almost, is "long" of the stock, and to attempt to sell now would result in a decline. Delay in the passage of the bill authorizing conversion will have the same effect, while its prompt enactment is equally dangerous, as once it becomes a law and the Commodore has no further need to keep in with the Legislatare, he may take satisfaction out of them by bearing the market; for with his immense influence in holding so much of the stock he can at any time force them to selfat a sacrifice anyhow. Thus it will be seen the vectors railroad king has again overreached his annual blackmafters; they are security caught and have no choice left them what to do, as to retreat is loss, while to go forward is no gain.

Of the rest of the list the most active were the Sa. Paul stocks, which touched 75% for the common and 83% for the preferred; Hudson River, which in consequence of the Railway—continuation—Consolidation bill in the Legislature closed, 145 thd; l'acific Mail, which advanced to 93; Rock Island and Fort Wayne, which kept company between 131 and 132%, and Northwest preferred.

Wayne, which kept company between 131 and 132%, and Northwest preferred, which sold at 97%. The following were the closing quotations of the last regular board:—Canton, 50% a 60%; Cumberland, 33 Western Union, 41% a 41%; Quicksilver, 22 a 22%; Mariposa, 18% bid; do. preferred, 34% a 35%; Pucific Mail, 9½ bid; New York Central, 164 a 164%; Hudson River, 142½ a 143; Reading, 92½ a 92¾; Michigan Central, 118¾ bid; Michigan Southern, 96¼ a 97; Illinois Central, 139; Pi'tsburg, 90½; Northwestern, 84% a 84%; do. preferred, 98% a 96%; Rock Island, 131 a 131%; St. Paul, 76% a 75%; do. preferred, 83 a 83%; Wabash, 68 a 68%; do. pre-ferred, 77% a 78; Port Wayne, 131% asked.

The following were the closing quotations at the last open board:—Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, the last open board:—Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 31 a 31½; American Express, 40 a 40½; Adams Express, 50¾ a 159½; United States Express, 57¾ a 85½; Merchants' Union, 15½ a 16½; Quiek-sliver, 22 a 22½; Canton, 59 a 60½; Pacine Mail, 92¾ a 92½; Western Union Telegraph, 41¾ a 41½; New York Central, 163¾ a 150; Hudson River, 143½ a 146; Harlem, 154 a 156; Reading, 93 a 93½; Chicago and Alton, 151 bid; do, preferred, 151½ bid; Bankers and Brokers', 105 bid; Alton and Terre Haute, 37 bid; do, preferred, 75¼ a 79; Milwankee and 84 Paul, 75½ a 76½; do, preferred. wankee and St. Paul, 75% a 75%; do. preferred 83% a 83%; Port Wayne, 131 a 131%; Ohio and Min missippi, 32% a 35; Michigan Southern, 97% a 97%; Illinois Central, 136 a 139; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 90% a 91; Lake Shore, 96% a 97; Rock Island, 131% a 131%; Northwestern, 84% a 84%; do. preferred, 96% a 96%; Mariposa, 19 a 1934; do. preferred, 35%

a 35%.
Southern were generally steady and higher on the

Louisiana levee eights.

The receipts for enstoms and the receipts payments and balances at the Sub-Treasury in this city, for the expired portion of the week, have been as

follows:

Custom House.

Receipts.

April 5. \$404.604 \$1,309.355 \$605.326 \$87,494,204

April 7. 405.462 1,005.308 1,025,911 \$7.657,936

April 8. 539,000 1,040.997 \$70.671 \$8,108,220 As showing the controlling influence of the New York money market we give the following resume of financial matters in various parts of the country. At New Orleans on the 3d— On the street Al notes, with unquestionable col-

The demand for money was largely in excess of the demands of borrowers. The deposits have failen so low and the loanable funds of the banks have already been so greatly reduced that they have not much latitude for the exercise of discretion or de-sire to accommodate customers. Rates of interest remain steady at ten per cent. per annum. The movement of currency to and from the interior was light.

At St. Louis on the 5th-There was a continued active demand for accommodation in bank discount, with a light supply of currency. The rate remained firm at 8 a 10 per cent. On the street the rate was firm at 1½ a 2½ per cent per month. Call loans on "governments" were obtainable in bank at eight per cent. Other collaterals

Depositors in good credit were generally supplied by their bankers, up to a certain line graduated by the value of their accounts, with money at 10 per cent, but for anything beyond this 12 per cent was charged, if their paper was accepted at ail. In the open market there was a large supply of paper not easy to negotiate at 15 a 16 per cent. At Louisville on the 5th -

Currency was neither scarce nor abundant. The supply was about equal to the demand for legitimate business purposes, and the banks and banking houses were able to discount all the strictly prime paper offering at 9 a 12 per cent interest. The intow of currency from the country continued, though the volume was not large. At Boston on the 7th-

Money was in quick request and limited sopply at the banks and in the street, without any alteration in the nigh rates of interest for loans and discounts. There were more borrowers than lenders, and debtors in not a few instances had to rely on the temporary forbearance of creditors.

At Philadelphia on the 7th-There was a continued demand for money, the banks pleading the same inability to afford relief as last week. There was, however, not so much stringency as prevailed in New York. Call loans were made at seven per cent on approved collateral, and Al paper was placed at 8 a 9 per cent. Inierior ranged at from 10 to 12, according to credit.

At Pittsburg on the 6th—

At Pittsburg on the 6th-At Pittsburg on the 6th—
With a large majority of banks and private discount houses money was very scarce. There had
been of late heavy checking, and their lines of deposits were comparatively low. Consequently they
were compelled to refuse a great deal of good paper.
The amount of first class paper on the ppen market
was very considerable, which is an evidence of the
poverty of the city banks.

At Burding on the 8th.

At Buffalo on the 6th-

	Storage Control of the Control of th
SALES AT THE NEW	YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
-	April S—10:15 A. M. 4 8000 Ohio A Miss lat m. 94 2 2000 Mil A St Plat m. 90 2 2000 Mil A St Plat m. 90 4 1000 P. P. W A Chi Ist. 1024 5 2000 do
	Twelve o'Clock P. M.
2500 US 5-20, c, 62. 119 2500 do	\$25000 US 5-20, c, '65. 116 \(\) 10000 US 5-20, c, '65, n. 112 \(\) 5 85000 US 5-20, c, '67. 113 \(\) 2000 do. 113 \(\) 20000 do. 53 113 \(\)
Half-pa	st Two o'Clock P. M.
\$12000 Tenn 6's, new. 643 1000 Va 6's, new. 50 1000 N Car 6's. 603 10000 do 603 10000 N Car 6's. new. 54	a 300 ahs Hud Riv RR 142 300 do 1423 500 Harlem RR 136 100 Mich Southern 97

10000 N Car 6*s, new.	54	100 Mich Southern.	97	
5000 Louisiana 6*s.	71	100 Chic A NW pf.	150	
1500 Chic & N W list.	91	10	40	00
1500 Chic & N W list.	91	10	40	00
1500 Chic & N W list.	91	10	40	00
1500 Chic & N W list.	825	100	40	100
1500 Chic & N W list.	825	100	110	100
1500 Chic & N W list.	825	100 Min & Chic	100	
1500 Chic & N S Co.	125	100 Min & St P pref.	834	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams Express.	160	131	150	
1500 Adams	1500	1500	1500	
1500 Adams	1500			
1500 Adams	1500	1500		
1500 Adams	1500	STREET QUOTATIONS. Half-past Five o'Clock P. M. Pacific Mail. 92% a 92% Fi Wayne... 1314 bid. West Up Tel. 41% a 41% Oblo & Miss. 22% a 32 N Y Central. 184 a 1844 Miss Bouthern. 97 a 92% Eric. 34% a 344 Lake Shore... 96% a 97 Hudson Siver. 145 bid. Rock Island. 1315 a 1315 Reading... 93% a 93% Northwestern 94% a 95 St Paul... 75% a 76 Northwestern 97% a 97% St Paul pref. 83% bid.		

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

THURSDAY, April 8-6 P. M.

COFFER.—The market for Rio continued to rule quiet but firm at former quotations, with light offerings. Other kinds were steady, with sales of 600 bags Laguayra on private terms. We quote:—Java, Ric. a 25/gc.; Singapore, 18c. a 20/gc.; Ceyion, 17c. a 15/gc.; Maracaibo, 16c. a 18/gc.; Laguayra, 15/gc. a 15/gc.; Jamasica, 16/gc. a 16/gc.; Laguayra, 15/gc. a 17/gc.; Jamasica, 16/gc. a 16/gc.; Laguayra, 16/gc THURSDAY, April 8-6 P. M.

Midding	2014	25
Good midding	81	32
FLOUR AND GRAIN Receipts, 7,826	bbin. flour. 100	do. and
1,844 bags corn meal, 15,232 bushels	wheat, 22,490 de	o. corn.
18,412 do. oats and 1,800 do. malt. The	flour market w	ran duil
and nominal for all kinds; the sales w	ere very light, b	ut gen-
erally at prices within the range of our flour was dull and nominal; the sales	quotations. Cal	Hornia
For Southern flour the market remaine	d curiet and her	OU DOM.
sales being confined to 200 bbls. Rye	floor was rathe	ry, the
sangle after but at easier prices: ti	e sales were 3	50 bbla
conglet after, but at easier prices; to	prices : about 7	o bbla.
prere disposed of. We quote:-		The second
Wo Think	26 40	a 85 90
Danarine Wate	# 10	m. # 1501
Bxira State	640	A 675
Chofee do	670	a 750
Superfine Western	********** 610	B 6 30
Extra do		B 520
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	7.50	# 125
St. Louis low extra	7.50	. 800
St. Louisstraight extra	8 00	A 9 00
St. Louis choice double extra	9 50	a 10 00
St. Louis aboles family		a 1300
Southern choice and family		a 1250
Bouthern superfine and extra	600	. 900
California flour (sacks and bbla.)	700	a 10 00
Rye flour.	500	A 7 00
Corn meal, city		. 176
Corn meal, Jersey		A 5 10
-Wheat was duli, but nominally us	nehanged Ca	W. 400
sbout 85,000 bushels (mostly in small k spring, in store; \$1 44 for do., delive No. 1 do., in store; \$2 95 for white	ota), at #1 48 fo	r No. 2
spring, in store; \$1 44 for do., delive	red; \$1 48 a 81	49 for
No. 1 do., in store; \$1 95 for white	Canada, \$1 60	for do.
California, \$2 (2) for do. Michigan, an	d #1 52% for re	d Indi-

pring, in store: \$1.44 for do., delivered; \$1.4e as \$1.44 for No. 1 do., in store; \$1.95 for white Chanala, \$2.05 for do. California, \$2.05 for do. Mishigan, and \$1.55 for do. California, \$2.05 for do. Mishigan, and \$1.55 for store do. California, \$2.05 for do. Mishigan, and \$1.55 for as Sec. for new Western mixed; old was nominal; the sales were \$6,000 bushis at \$56. a \$86. for new mixed Western, \$8c. for old do. (in store), \$8c. a \$9c. for new mixed Western, \$8c. for old do. (in store), \$8c. a \$9c. for white Southern, and \$9c. a \$1c. for yellow Western and Southern. Onto were slow of sale and the market was heavy; the sales were \$25,000 bushels at \$755c. a \$755c. for realizond lots. Rye was duit and heavy, the sales were \$25,000 bushels at \$755c. a \$755c. for realizond lots. Rye was duit and heavy, the sales being about 4.00 bushels western at \$1.20 a \$1.46 including small ions at the latter price. Harley was in moderate demand and prices favored the purchaser. The sales were \$2,000 bushels at \$2.0 a \$2.05 for French and German. Barley mait was duit and underlying the sales were \$2.000 bushels at \$2.000 bushe

Prices were pominal at the following quotations :-
Old Cr p. New Crop.
Cubs clayed 37c. a 42c. 48c. a 50c.
Cuba centrifuga; and mixed 35c. a 38c a -
Cuba museovado, relining grades 40c. a 62c. 80c. a 53c.
Cuba muscovado, grocery grades a - Sic. a die.
Porto Rico. 40c. a 55c. Soc. a 70c.
NAVAL STORES, Receipts, 100 bbls. spirits turpentine,
3,700 do, rosin and 1,500 do. tar. The market for the former
opened quest and heavy, and sales were made as low as 49c.,
but at the close holders were firm in their views, demanding
dibec. a 50c. for merchantable lots. There were sales of 250
bble. (part New York) at 49c.; 35 do. (In Brooklyn) at 50e, and
25 do. (New York bbis.) at 50 %c. Retail lots were selling at
ble. a ble. Rosin-The low grades were sparingly offered
and firmly held, and the business was light in consequence.
Other grades remained duli. The sales were 1,800 bbis. No. 2
at 62 57% a 83 60, almost all at the latter price, and 300 bbis.
common strained at \$3 46%. We quote:-Strained, \$2 47%
common strained at 33 46%, we doote : Strained, 95 47%
a 83 56; No. 2, 82 60 a 82 50; No. 1, 82 a 84 25; pale, 84 50 a 85 50, and extra do., 86 a 88. Witnington tar was de-
a po bo, and extra do., po a po. withington tar was de-
pressed by the free arrivals. It was quoted \$3 40 at 63%.
OttaLinesed was steady at \$1 00 a \$1 66, in casks and
bbia., while other kinds were dull and unchanged.
PROVISIONS. Receipts, 2,607 bbis. pork, 407 packages cut
weeks and 900 to lead. The market for north was only one

mass: there were sales besides of \$160 bbls. new mass for May at \$411 3714, seller's option. Dressed hops remains quiet, but steady, at 1854c, for city. Live hops were quote duil at 1954c, let, with arrivals of 1,557 head. Beef we duil at 1954c, at 1c., with arrivals of 1,557 head. Beef wa duil, but steady in value; the sales were limited to 7 bbls, at \$311 a \$18 for plain meas and \$12 a \$18 for extra do. There here was duil and nominal, small seller within the range of \$23 a \$25 for rime meas and \$23 a \$25 for rime meas and \$23 a \$25 for rime meas and \$23 a \$26 a \$35. Bacon was scarce and string the sales were 180 bbls, at \$26 a \$35. Bacon was scarce and the sales were 180 bbls, at \$26 a \$35. Bacon was scarce and the sales were 180 bbls, at \$26 a \$35. Bacon was scarce and abort letar, and to sales, the sales were 180 bbls, at \$26 a \$35. Bacon was scarce and abort letar, and to sales, the sales compared to no sales, as 1854c, for dry saled and pickled shoulders, 1854c, for moked do, 1854c, a 1854c, a 1854c, for moked, and bagged do, at about yesterday's prices. There revalled a fair demand for land, the sales comprising 1, 100 lockages at 1754c, a 1854c, for No. 1 to prime steam and kettle neared, including 250 therees, for May, at 184cc, seller's open.

rendered, including 250 terroes, for May, at 18 \(\) 18 c., seller's of tion.

PETROLEUM.—Receipts, 2.851 bbls. Refined crude was itess active demand and casier, closing with sellers at 18 \(\) 260 bbls. at 17c. The market for refined was quiet, there being but little demand, and prices receded a trifle, closing a bbls, for May, at 35c., and 3.000 do., from May to July, at 36c. at 24 cc. in Philadelphia the market was dull an heavy. The sales were 1.500 bbls. at 36c. of 0c., from May to July, at 35c., and 2.500 do., for the balance of this month, at 31 \(\) 25c.; 1,000, for May and June, a 33 \(\) 25c. and 2.500 from May to Selyember, on private terms.

Rick.—Carollus was steady at 54c. a 9 \(\) 2c., with small sale within the range of these prices. And 2,000, ryom may to explanate, on private terms. Rick.—Carolina was steady at 632 a. 95 c., with small asies within the range of these prices.

Rick.a.—The range of these prices were also become an improved demand, and an Rick.a.—There was consummated, and prices were stronger, though not quotably higher. The sales were 850 hids. at 11kg. a. 125 c. for Cuba, including 650 at the latter price, and Rc. a Re. for Porto Ruco and Demarara, chiefly at 125 c. for Foreined the demand was better and the lone of the market was firmer. The closing prices were as follows:—Hard 163 c., soil white 145 c. a 154 c., value 115 c. at 125 c. fair to good real relations of the market was firmer. All 145 c. fair to good reprine to choice grocery, 125 c. at 125 c. emitting, 115 c. at 125 c.; fair to good grocery, 12c. at 125 c.; at 15 c. in melado, 6c. at 84 c. Havana—Sorge, D. 8. Noz. 15 c. of 114 c.; melado, 6c. at 84 c. Havana—Sorge, D. 8. Noz. 15 c. of 114 c.; melado, 6c. at 84 c. Havana—Sorge, D. 8. Noz. 15 c. of 114 c.; at 135 c. at 155 c.; do., white, 145 c. at 155 c.; do., Noz. 15 to 90. 154 c. at 155 c.; do., white, 145 c. at 155 c.; do., Noz. 15 to 80 c. Reining grades, 115 c. at 115 c.; grocery grades, 12c. at 135 c. Stock raw to-day, 36,894 hids., 85,747 boxes, 65,775 bags and 368 melado.

Series.—There was no business transacted in linseed,

393 melado.

393 melado.

SERDS.—There was no business transacted in linseed, prices for which, however, were steady at \$2.7% a \$2.30 gold, duty paid. Grass were dull but held at old prices.

SEE ARINE.—The demand was still light but prices were without change. We quote:—18c. a 18½c, for habs, and test. TALLOW.—The demand was fair at at out former prices. There were sales of \$6.000 lbs. at 11½c, a 11½c.

WHISEEY.—Receipts. 402 bils. The market remained dull the heavy. There were small sales Western at \$2.½c. a 56.½c., ax paid.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

The suggestion made here last Saturday respecting auction sales is being followed out, and already one prominent house announces in a card that in future "they will receive no auction sales of real estate or which a limit is placed, unless the limit be publicly announced in the papers previous to the sale or at the saiesroom before the property is put up."

This is the true idea. And if all the others were

to proclaim a similar intention, and strictly adher to it, there would soon be a revival in favor of sale at auction in preference to inquiry at the desk.

The market presents no new features, the continued "squeeze" in money being prejudicial to ac-tivity. City property is firm, but an impression still prevails that suburban lots are held too high. Sales of the latter are few and only made at concessions, except Brooklyn properly, within the present circle of improvements, which sells readily at fair figures. The oftenings yesterday were comparatively light. Below will be found particulars of the transac-

Auction Sales of Real Estate Yesterday. NEW YORK PROPERTY BY A. J. BLEECKER, SON AND CO. 2 story brown stone house and lot, 139 East 57th st, lot 19.1 1820.
2 story brown stone bouse and lot, 143 East 87th st, lot 18.6189. st, lot 20x77.10.

story brown stone front house and lot a s 128th st, w of 4th av, lot 18,9259.

story building and lot No 405 Front st, Si-6 ft from Gouverneur at, lot 30,2x70.

Story building and lot No 403 Front st, 62.6 ft from Gouverneur st, 90.2 ft. UDLOW AND CO. Story and one 2 story prick houses and lot, No 462 9th av, 49.5 ft n of W 35th st; 10 34.81100. dt. 49.5 ft n of W 35th st; 10 134.81100. dt. 49.5 lot n s 60th st, 40 ft eof 4th av, each 201100.b. dt. 5 lot s w corner 11th av and 52d st, 25x100. dt. 6, 4 story brick buildings and plot of ground, known as Nos 52, 464, 56, 36 and 69 Broadway, and Nos 31, 33, 33, 37 and 39 New st, corner of Rechange place, size of plot 134.92135, 12169.10 Harard, Aphtorp & Co. dt. 5, 4 lots s 50th N MILLER, MILLER MILLER AND AND FOR STORY OF THE STORY lot se corner of Division at and Kingsiand av, 25.55x 101.

3 lots e s Kingsiand av, adjoining, 25.55x 105.15, each diots a Senentt at and Kingsiand av, 25.100, each.

4 lots on Amos at, rear of above, same size, each.

1 lot se or Bennett at and Kingsiand av, 25.55x 25.25 2 lots e s Kingsiand av, adjoining, 25.65x 25.65x each.

1 lot e s Kingsiand av, adjoining, 25.65x 25.75x each.

1 lot e s Kingsiand av, adjoining, 25.65x 25.75x each.

2 lots e s William at, 100 ft n or Richardson at, 25x 100, each.

2 lots e s William at, 100 ft from Herbert at, 25x 100, each.

each.

Blots w s of William st, adjoining, same size, each...

lots s s of Richardson st, near William, 25:100, each...

lots s of Frost st, rear of above, same size, each...

lot s w corner of Frost st and Kingsland av, 25:100...

lot n s Kingsland av, adjoining, same size...

lots n s Kingsland av, adjoining, same size...

lots n s Kingsland av, adjoining, same size...

l gore lot w s North Henry st, near Meeker av, 25:265x1.6.

190.7 I jot ne Skichardson and Smith eta, 25:100. I gore lot a w corner of Meeker av and Russell at, 40:260: 22:1.5354.659. 2 hots ou w s of Meeker av, near Russell at, 25:121.8, seeh.

1 lot w s of Russell st, 2627424 1229-10 lot w s of Russell st. actioning, 25847, 628, 10 lot w s of Russell st. adjoining, 80400, 11875... I lot on n w corner Jackson at and Kingsland av, 25x100, I form w s Kingsland av, adjoining, same size. Form lot on n s of Jackson st, near Kingsland av, 45x 21x169. S lots on n s Jackson st, 300 N w of Kingsland av, 25x100, 1212149.

5 lots on n s Jackson st, 500 ft w of Kingsland av, 25:100, each.

1 gore lot on same st, adjoining, 165:28, with jogg of about 5 ft.

7 lots, a Farker st, near Kingland av, 25:100, and near Debevoise av, each.

1 gore lot on the aw corner North Henry and Meeker avs, 60.835.13, and 1 lots on a Meeker av, adjoining, 20:298.125.103, each 500

2 story brick house and iot n S South 3 at, 100 ft e of 8th, st, lot 25:102.

BY WYCKOFF AND LITTLE.

House and iot NO 255 Union at, near Court; lot 25:2100.14,000

House and iot NO 255 Union at, near Court; lot 25:2100.14,000

House and iot NO 255 Union at, near Court; lot 25:2100.14,000

FORT HAMILTON PROFERTY—FX A. J. ELERCKER, SON Marsion house and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of land at Fort Hamilton, and 2 houses and The acres of Broad at, each 25:100....3,000

The estate of John S. Hill, situated on the borders of the towns of kye and Harrison, and comprising sixty-three acres of land, with residence, has been purchased by Surrogate John W. Mills for \$27,700. Messrs, H. C. Smith and James Cox have bought

the Whitlockville grist mill property at Katonah, on the Harlem Railroad, from Valentine Cox for \$8,000 Daniel Lyon has purchased a lot 60x105 on Fourth avenue, near First street, Mount Vernon, for \$3,500. Mount Vernon to G. Taghabue for \$8,000.

The new city charter of Paterson, N. J., allows the expenditure of \$100,000 for sewerage, or \$20,000 more than formerly.

A statement has been circulated that there were

only 2,000 acres of government land left in lowa.

A statement has been circulated that there were only 2,000 acres of government land left in lowa. The figures were a thousand times wrong. There are 2,000,000 acres left, enough to furnish 20,000 men with a 1.0 acre farm.

The following sales of real eastate were made in Philadelphia on Tuesday last:—One lot of ground, Piffeenth street, north of Venango, Twenty-first ward, 25 by 173 feet, \$450; three story brick dwelling, 303 Bohemia place, and lot, 16 by 62 feet, ground rent of \$14 40, \$800; three story brick dwelling, 1,905 Spring Garden street, and lot, 26 by 165 feet, \$15,000; three story brick fiveling, 757 North Twenty-fourth street, and lot, 17 by 130 feet, \$2,550, ground rent of \$150 per annum, \$1,575; mortgage of \$3,000, \$2,800; do. \$3,000, \$2,700; three two story brick dwellings, 1,90 each; two story brick dwelling, 768 Webstreet, and lot, 14 by 06 feet, ground rent of \$22 5, \$775; three story brick, 720 Lioyd street, and lot, 15 by 40 feet, ground rent of \$20 62, \$310; ground rent of \$185, \$2,705; two ground rents of \$40 each, one \$600, the other, \$600.

E. J. Horton, of Peekakill, N. Y., has bought the balance of the real estate of James Breuger, deceased, in that town for \$3,500, and proposes erecting thereon an opera house 50x75 feet and 45 feet high.

The Flach Rouse, at Peekskill, has been sold for

ceased, in time to the course of the course of the cereting thereon an opera house 50x75 feet and 40 feet high.

The Finch Rouse, at Peekskill, has been sold for \$16,000. Size of lot 47x144 feet; house 47x60 feet, four story brick. It is to be used for business pur-

four story brick. It is to be used for business purposes.

The buildings and real estate of the Peekskill Enumelied Iron Works were sold by referee April 6, including ten acres of land, for \$24,500. They were bought by Thomas Jones.

At the late park election in Chicago the South Side Park bill was carried by a majority of 3,300, the West Side Park and Bonlevare bill by a majority of 142. The Tribune says that every dollar invested in the two great improvements "will add a hundred fold its value to the property of the city." As 50,000 people per day visit the New York Fark, it is supposed that 10,000 per day will visit the Chicago parks. The Tribune further says that the park schemes amount to a present of 1,000 acres of land to each oftizen for amusement and enjoyment. It holds that the park is the enemy of intemperance and the bulwark of public virtue.

SUBURBAM INTELLIGENCE.

NEW JERSEY.

A CHILD RUN OVER .- A little girl, named Nelly, whose parents reside at No. 96 Erie street, was play ing yesterday evening, when she was knocked down and run over by one of the horse cars. The poor child's foot was so mangied that amputation will be ANOTHER STABBING CASE.—Mr. Matthew Doyle, one

of the most respectable citizens of Jersey City, was attacked in his store yesterday afternoon by a attacked in his store yesterday afternoon by a ruffian, who stabbed him several times in the head and then made his escape. Mr. Doyle's injuries are of a serious character. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the perpetrator.

IDENTIFIED.—The body of the man found in the water at the foot of Hudson street a few days ago has been identified by Mrs. Goggins as that of her husband. Deceased resided at the corper of First.

husband. Deceased resuled at the corner of First avenue and Ninth street. New York, and has been missing since the morning of the 9th of February, when he left home to attend the trial of John Real, convicted of the murder of officer Smedick. ATROCIOUS ASSAULT .- A few nights since a gentle

man was attacked in a hotel in Montgomery street near Hudson, by three roughs, one of whom struck him with an ale glass in the head, inflicting a deep wound. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the parties. One of them was brought before Justice McAnally, and gave ball. Another of the alleged assailants, named Barry, who is still at large, has been since nominated for chosen freeholder on the democratic ticket. The warrant for his arrest has been piaced in the hands of constable Onslow.

STING OF ADOPTED CITIZENS.—A large and re spectable meeting of German and Irish citizens took ce at Union Hall on Wednesday night, for th purpose of considering the Naturalization bill pend ing in Congress. Mr. Schlegel was chairman and mg in Congress. Mr. Schlegei was chairman and Mr. Æheas Fitzpatrick secretary. It was resolved to hold a mass meeting within two weeks, and a committee of two from each ward was appointed for the purpose of raising funds to defray expenses. A memorial to be presented to Congress was adopted, asking that the term of probation for foreigners be shortened and praying that the section of the bill transferring the process of naturalization to the United States courts exclusively be stricken out.

Hoboken. SERIOUS ACCIDENT.-Yesterday afternoon, man named Daniel McCarthy, employed at the Bre men dock, was engaged in removing baggage, seve ral heavy boxes fell from a vessel and crushed his head and chest in such a manner that he lies in a critical condition. He was taken to his home for medical assistance.

DEMOCRATIC CITY CONVENTION .- The Honoken Democratic City Convention, which assembled a Busch's Hotel on Wednesday night, made the follow Busch's Hotel on Wednesday night, made the following nominations: For Mayor, Hazen Kimbail; City Clerk, John Kennedy; City Treasurer, William H. Childs; Water Commissioner, John C. Duhrkoop; Collector, F. Edmondson; Freeholders—First ward, Hermann D. Busch; Second ward, John McWhorter; Third ward, J. O'Nelli; Councilmen—First ward, Robert H. Besson, Joseph W. Bownes, James Geayer; Second ward—Thomas H. Redmond, George Foster, James Williams; Third ward, Frederick L. Schmersahl, Peter Ritter and Peter McGavish.

The Hoboken Yacht Club—Electron of Oppre-

THE HOBOKEN YACHT CLUB-ELECTION OF OFFI CERS.—The annual election of officers of the Hobo ken Yacht Club was held on Wednesday evening when the following gentlemen were elected for the when the following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:—Commodore, M. Hutton; Vice Commodore, S. Griswold; Recording Secretary, William Curtis; Corresponding Secretary, C. Martin; Treasurer, G. Clark; Measurer, A. Saitzman, Jr. Owing to the improvements which have taken place near the club house the Hoboken Yacht Club have purchased four acres of land at Ward's Point, near Tottenvile, S. I. Negotiations are pending for the erection of a large club house. Several yachts are being built, forty dive tons each, and will be completed in time to participate in the June regatta. Hudson City.

presided over by John M. Wilson, was held at Hof-man's Hotel on Wednesday night, when George Glaubrecht was nominated for Mayor and Thomas Aldridge for Recorder. Mr. Aldridge had received the regular nomination for Mayor, but he declined. The convention continued ballotting from ten o'clock Tuesday night till half-past one yesterday morning. The present incumbents, Mayor Van Reipen and Recorder Aldridge, have been put on the people's ticket, and will make a clean sweep of all rivals. The chairman of the convention was Mr. Patrick Harrington. Hackensack.

NEGRO MURDER TRIAL-The Sam Sutton negro murder trial at Hackensack, before Judge Bedle, making slow progress, and from present appearances will occupy the court a few days more. The State has rested and evidence for the defence will be given to-day. The session of the court lasting only a week this case will have mostly usurped the whole time of the court. The nature of the defence cannot yet be ascertained.

Newark. BREVITIES .- The police force of Newark have been specially enjoined to arrest all beggars who ap-pear to be going from door to door soliciting alms. Mrs. Porsaw, of No. 206 Charlton street, Newark, band for drunkenness and actually paid five dollars band for drunkenness and actually paid five dollars to the court yesterday morning to procure his liberty. At a meeting in Orange on Tuesday last of the Essex District Medical Society the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Dr. L. W. Oakley, of Elizabeth, President; Dr. Jobs, Springfield, Vice President; Dr. Charles Young, Newark, Secretary, and Dr. Nichols, Newark, Treasurer. At Newark, yesterday, while the driver of a grocery wagon was star-gazing, two fine horses attached tumbled into an excavation and were taken out. tumbled into an excang, two fine horses attached after much trouble. They were severely wounded. Mrs. Amos H. Learfoss, while walking in Newark yesterday, fell on the pavement and fractured her thigh bone. About the same time and place Adolphus Bennett slipped on a loose stone and broke his leg.

Harrison. DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS-DISGRACEPUL OCCUR RENCE.—On Wednesday evening a meeting of "ye fierce democracie" was held at a drinking saloon on the turnpike road for the purpose of selecting can-didates for official position under the new town gov-ernment. There was a large number of hungry ernment. There was a large number of hungry politicians present, and in the midst of considerable excitement Messrs. John Sullivan, John Pateman, Albert Schabel, George Hutchinson, William Condon and Thomas McGrath were nominated for Councilmen; Lawrence Fagan, Town Cierk: Assessor, John Robson, and Collector, George Hail. Ere yet the business of the meeting had been concluded a disturbance took place between two of the members, named Moses Myers and a constable named Henry Newbern, which only terminated when the men had walloped each other pretty soundly. Among those who witnessed the affair was Justice Shephierd, but not the slightest effort to preserve or effect peace was made.

Trenton. THE SUPERVISOR AND STATE PRISON INSPEC-TORS.—A conflict of authority between the Inspectors of the State Prison and the Supervisor thereof tors of the State Prison and the Supervisor thereof is imminent. The Inspectors will not relinquish any constitutional prerogative hitherto enjoyed, and they have adjourned with the understanding that no harmonious action between the authorities can be effected till their respective powers are more accurately defined. While such a state of things exists its little wonder that the convicts seek every opportunity to avail themselves of the laxity of the code of discipline. A stern and rigid system of treatment will alone reduce the inmates to complete subjection.

PROBABLE MURDER IN BERGEN. N. J.

Gentleman Robbed and Benten Almost to Death at the Door of His Residence, in Bergen City—The Affair Shrouded in Mys-

Death at the Door of His Residence, in Bergen City—The Affair Shrouded in Mystery.
In a comfortable dwelling house situate near the old church in Bergen square, Bergen city, resides a gentieman named J. Waiter Thomas, twenty-two years of age and unmarried. The Hudson City horse cars pass near the house. On Wednesday afternoon Mr. Thomas left the house, saying he was going to New York to purchase some clothing. He returned late at night and took the Bergen car at half-past tweive o'clock, this being the last car leaving Jersey City at night. He smoked on the platform and talked freely with the conductor. The only passengers on the car besides Mr. Thomas were a gentieman and three lacies, all residents of Bergen. When the car arrived at the depot Mr. Thomas strated off in the direction of his house, but the servant girl wondered why he did not come home that night. She arose at half-past five cicke yesterday morning and went to the back door of the house, when, to her consternation, she beneld Mr. Thomas lying quite insensible and covered with blood. His face was cut and bruised, his head swollen, his clothes dragged almost off his shoulders, his shirt studs placked out, his watch and pocket-book taken away, and his pockets rifled. A physician was at once sent for, and while the wounds were beng dressed the orthy expressions that escaped Mr. Thomas 'lips were, ''Oh, yon've got the best of me now, because you've got a club.'' and at other times, ''Oh, 'm' gone, '' as if he fanced he was still struggling with his assailants. Stimulants were resorted to, but he soon lapsed into a stupor, and starting at intervals he would give utterance to some incoherent remarks, most of which were unintelligible. He did not become sufficiently oonscious and collected to give any accounts of the bloody affair, but gradually became delirious and agitated. His condition is considered meat critical,

and at latest accounts he was becoming weaker and sinking into a soft slumber.

The announcement of this outrage created intense excitement throughout the city of Bergen, and ex-Mayor Cornelison, who is uncle to the injured young man, offers a reward of \$500 for the capture of the assailants. It is supposed that the rudians lay in wait for Mr. Thomas on his return from New York, and just as he was planting his foot on the doorstep they felled him with a club or some heavy weapon, which rendered him so senseless that alarm was out of the question. That such an outrage could be committed in one of the most thickly inhabited quarters of Bergen exhibits an amount of recklessness and audacity positively startling to the residents. That the perpetrators could effect their villanous purpose without detection by the police, and without the slightest clue to their movements being obtained, is just as appalling. Mr. Thomas has been in the employ of Wagner & Tuthii, Ferry street, New York, with whom he bears an excellent reputation. New York, with whi

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

APPOINTMENT .- J. G. Miller, of Putnam county. has been appointed United States Assessor for the Tenth district, comprising the counties of West-chester, Putnam and Rockland.

ALLEGED GRAND LARCENY .- Yesterday morning John Hoey, an erratic vender of fruit, was brough before police Justice Atkins, at Yonkers, to answer a charge of grand larceny preferred by Patrick Norton. The compainant, who gave his place of business as 432 West Fortleth street, New York, testified that Hoey was employed by him to sell oranges, and for this purpose had been entrusted with a horse and wagon valued at \$250, and was instructed not to extend his travels beyond the city limits. Last Monday Hoey disappeared with the property, and when next heard of, on Wednesday, nad disposed of part of his load at Merrisanta. Thither the owner repaired, but finding the object of his search had left, telegraphed to the police at Yonkers, giving a description of the man and property, which resulted in Hoey's arrest later in the day. A police telegram brought Norton to Yonkers yesterday, when he fully identified the property. After a hearing the justice committed the accused in default of \$1,000 bonds to answer a charge of grand larceny. before police Justice Atkins, at Yonkers, to answe

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

BOLD ROBBERY .- The show window at the store of J. F. Murtagh, in Pulton street, was broken into at an early hour yesterday morning and robbed of \$125 worth of goods. The thieves were not detected.

A VELOCIPEDS ACCIDENT .- A lady residing Nostrand avenue was run over a few evenings since by a velocipede, propelled by some unknown person, on the sidewalk near her residence. At first it was thought her injuries were only slight, but continued ill health has led to the discovery that she is seriously, if not permanently, injured.

NARROW ESCAPE.-James McFarland, a workman in Doubleday's hat factory, in Ninth street, near Third avenue, narrowly escaped being killed yesterday afternoon. His clothing was caught in the ma-chinery, but he had the presence of mind to grab hold of a post and prevent himself from being drawn in the wheels and crushed to death. Nearly all his clothing was torn from his back.

PROBABLE HOMICIDE OF A NEGRO.—Robert Brown,

a negro steward on board the ship W. H. Moody, lving at the Atlantic Dock, was beaten so badly Moses, that the physicians look upon his recovery as doubtful. It appears the cabin boy, Lee Demara doubtful. It appears the cabin boy, Lee Demara, had an altercation with Brown, and beat him with a stick. The captain of the ship, Alfred Durkee, also joined in the assault on Brown. Subsequently Brown went ashore, procured a warrant and caused the arrest of the captain. When he returned to the vessel again the mate attacked him and beat him until he was senseless. He was conveyed to the Long Island College Hospital, where he now lies in a precarious condition. The captain was taken before Justice Delinar and held to bad in the sum of \$600. The boy Demara was committed to answer, and the first mate, Meses, made his escape.

PANIC IN A WILLIAMSBURG PUBLIC SCHOOL.—Yes-

PANIC IN A WILLIAMSBURG PUBLIC SCHOOL -- Yesterday afternoon the teachers and pupils of public school No. 1, located in North Seventh street, Williamsburg, were startled by the explosion of heater in the celiar of the building. As might be-expected great consternation ensued among the expected great consternation ensued among the children, and the teachers were momentarily appailed; but they soon regained their presence of mind, and under the direction of the Principal, Mr. James Predy, soon allayed the excitement. The slarm soon caused the excitement was manifested by the increasing crowd, many of whom had children attending the school. With good judgment the teachers closed and fastened the doors and resisted the efforts of the frantic crowd outside to effect an entrance. At this critical juncture several policemen appeared upon the scenario the excitement soon subsided. Quiet having been restored, an investigation into the cause of the explosion was made, when it was found, that some mischlevons person had thrown a large Union torpedo into the furnace. During the confusion on little girl was badly injured, and the others left for their homes badly scared, many of them hatless and all dreadfully scared.

A HIGHWAY ROBBER GETS TWENTY YEARS AT Sing Sing.—In the Court of Sessions yesterday Thomas McCann was found guilty of robbing a man by the name of Martin Murphy on the 14th of January last. McCann is a hard character in every way and a notorious thief and highwayman. He has served one term of five years in the State Prison and a term in the Kings county Penitentiary. He was scarcely out of the latter institution when he matched a watch from a man, and, knocking him down, made good his escape. In the case in which a verdict of guilty was found against him yesterday he, in company with another man, lay in wait for Murphy, knocked him down, and, when they had beaten him till senseless, robbed him of his money. Murphy was afterwards bribed, it is said, not of the testimony against his assailant. McCant beaten him till senseless, robbed him of his money. Murphy was atterwards bribed, it is said, not to give testimony against his assailant, McCann. Before the case was put before the court in the pre-liminary examination Murphy recognized McCann as the man who had assaulted and robbed him, but yesterday failed to do so. But there was sufficient testimony besides, in the belief of the jury, to warrant a verdict of guilty. In pronouncing sentence on the prisoner Judge Troy said no man had ever had a fairer trial, and, considering the evidence against him, it was a wonder that the jury had not found him guilty in five minutes instead of deliberating so long as they had. He told the prisoner that his character was well known to be bad. He had met the prisoner before, having tried him seven years ago for attempting to rob a man in Finshing avenue while driving fome in his wagon. The man assaulted in that case, as in this one, was bribed, and swore to a different state of facts before the Court from that given on the preliminary examination. Since your discharge from State Prison, the Judge continued, you have served a year in the Penitentiary, and the Court thinks it is a nercy to yourself as well as a necessity to the community, to put you out of your own way. The sentence of the Court is that you be confined at the State Prison at Sing Sing for the term of twenty years.

THE OPERATIONS OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Letter from General O. O. Howard.

[From the Washington Chronicle, April 7.]
The following letter from General O. O. Howard, in answer to a letter of inquiry addressed him by Hon. O. H. Dockery, chatman of the House Committee on Freedmen's Affairs, is interesting as exhibiting the present status of the Freedmen's Bureau.

mittee on Freedmen's Ariairs, is interesting as exhibiting the present status of the Freedmen's Bureau:—

Washington, D. C., April 7, 1869.

Hon, O. H. Dockery, M. C., Chairman of Committee on Freedmen's Affairs, House of Representatives: Dear Sin:—I have received your note, and whi cheerfully comply with your request.

As to the work of education among "the freedmen and refugees." I have already closed up all divisions of the burean, except the educational work, the payment of bounties and three hospitals—one at Vicksburg, one at Richmond, Va., and one in this District. I think a larger expenditure of money has been made in aid of school buildings in titles and villages than I would have advised with my present experience. Now that prejudice is giving way the educational work can be extended more than heretofore into the country with comparatively smail outlay, by seeking the co-operation of the people. We have already quite a corps of colored teachers and soon will have more, and we know these can go into the country schools and be comparatively well received. I propose to have but one agent in each State hereafter, so as to save every cent I can in order to use the remainder of our appropriation for the starting of schools in places where the people have thus far been deprived of them.

I have been obliged by law to co-operate with their benevolent educational associations; and in aiding them to prepare teachers I have been necessitated to help institutions of the higher grades. You may commit me, as you suggest, to aid the country schools more in the future, and the normal schools, academies, colleges and universities less. But, as we utill need colored teachers very much, it might not be well to tie up the Bureau completely by an amendment. I have no other object than to carry out the will of Coagress on this subject. Yours, truly,

O. O. HOWARD,

Hervet Major General U. S. A., Commismoner, &c. P. S.—You will notice by the reports schools for children of "refugees" at Portress Monroe, Richmond, Va.; Wilmin

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY.—Married yesterday afternoon, at Howard's Grove Hospital, a colored pair—Emily Johnson, of Richmond, and Wilson Braxton, of King William county. Both, some years ago, were compelled to have their legs amputated at the knee joints owing to their having been severely bitten by the frost. The man had been married twice before and the woman three times. They have obtained employment, and the humand, before marriage, had fitted up a comfortable home for his bride. Both are represented as industrious.—

Etchmont Widey, April 4.

CUBA.

The Question of Arms—Comparison Between the Spaniards and Patriots—The News'Re ports—Cominned Call for Reinforcements
Retaliatory Murders.
HAVANA, April 8, 1869.

Cespedes, the originator and leader of the existing revolution in this island, remarked that the question of the termination of the insurrection is one of arms entirely. Whether or not correct therein, he centainly has the credence of the Spanish government, which, in lively appreciation of the fact, is furnishing her forces with the most approved arms with as much celerity as her limited exchequer will permit. The troops of Spain here and elsewhere have been and for the most part still are armed with what I known as the Spanish Enfield. It much resembles the English Enfield, having the same calibre. it is a very inferior arm, even among muzzle-loaders and is poorly constructed. There are some thirty or forty thousand of these in the island; most of the troops are armed with them, and they have been furnished to the volunteers for duty in the cities and forts. Since the commencement of the revolution about ten thousand improved breach-loading rifles have been imported by the government some 3,000 or 4,000 additional.

In the matter of the importation of arms the an thorities manifest the extremest jealousy, prompted in good part, as I am informed from high authority, by their desire for uniformity in the armament of their forces; but, I suspect, more through fear of their ultimately falling into the hands of those inimical to the government. They would much prefer that all such importations should be done through them, and, as I have been informed, will undertake to dis pose to the volunteer organizations such as may be consigned to them and meet with their approbation,

such importations should be done through them, to Youkers and, as I have been informed, will undertake to dispose to the volunieer organizations such as may be consigned to them and meet with their approbation, accounting to the importers. As, however, the credit of the authorities here is not of the nightest order, I do not learn that any very extensive arrangements for the first that the same and the states and ranches, low-incendity it has been carried on with a few old rifles, such as were found on the estates and ranches, low-incendity it has been carried on with a few old rifles, such as were found on the estates and ranches, low-incendity it has been carried on with a few old rifles, such as were found on the estates and ranches, low-incendity it has been carried on with a few old rifles, such as were found on the estates and ranches, low-incendity it has been carried on with a few old rifles, such as were found on the estates and ranches, low-incendity in the same and the states and promise of any timp plee with the hard woods of the country and pugging the breach. From the best information that have been manufactured by banding pleeces of cash-incendity of the revolution of the revolutionists now in the field are armed with firearms. The first invoice of arms of any importance was brought by Quesada in December last, on sainty of the revolutionists now in the field are armed with firearms. The first invoice of arms of any importance was brought by Quesada in December last, on sainty of the revolutionists now in the field are armed with firearms. The first invoice of arms of any importance was brought by Quesada in December last, on sainty of the revolution of the revolutionists now in the first and the contract of the first hand of the f

Valmaseda. Advices from Manzanillo state that a column had arrived there from Bayamo and was to return soon with a convoy of provisions and ammunition.

The steamer Moctezuma, which left here on the 2d, carried a few hundred troops for Nuevitas.

The war steamer Pizarro, from Cadiz via Porto Rico, arrived on Thursday with 27s troops.

On the list arrived here Colonels Acosta and Chinchilla, the first commanding the volunteer Estatation of Order and the latter the battalion of San Quincin regulars. They come to consult with General Dules regarding the campaign and ask for reinforcements.

The war steamer Guadalquiver recently arrived at Batabano, having in tow a sloop (flag not stated) found abandoned. She was picaed up in front of Signanca. It is officially known that she had landed her arms.

The coasting steamer Villa Clara, from Batabano five days since, had not arrived at Clenfuegos, and lears are entertained of her capture.

A sea captain recently from Manzanito, reports that he saw fighting every day from the harbor.

All Mexicans who have served in any army resident in Cuba have received their passports to heave by the first steamer for their mative land, obliging them to go there and not elsewhere.

A committee of volunteers from Matanzas has arrived nere with a view of arranging a celebration with their conferes here. That boosy in Matanzas are represented as still more insuboriinste than those here, theatening and malireating citizens and carrying matters with a high hand.

Mr. A. H. Stephens,—The Constitutionalist of the 30th ult. regrets to learn that this distinguished gentleman is still very feeble, and that the accident which prostrated him has had effects much more acrious than at first supposed. Some time since Mr. Stephens could go about on crutches; at present he has to be supported by pillows and finds locomotion impossible. We trust the beautiful weather now prevailing may bring baim to the sufferer and restore him to active usefulness.

Two ladies, mother and daughter, beionging to high Parisian society, have been convicted of shop-lifting on an extensive scale. From the evidence produced they have practised this dangerous trade for some years, their elevated position placing them apparently above all suspicion.

MAILS FOR THE PACIFIC.

The steamship Alaska will sail from this port on Saturday for Aspinwall.

The mails for Central America and the South Pacific will close at half-past ten o'clock in the

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